

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/629,857	07/30/2003	Yasunori Nakamura	030918	6154	
23850 ARMSTRONG	7590 03/01/200 KRATZ OUINTOS	EXAMINER			
ARMSTRONG, KRATZ, QUINTOS, HANSON & BROOKS, LLP 1725 K STREET, NW SUITE 1000 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			CHEUNG, WILLIAM K		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1713		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/01/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•
·

Advisory Action

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/629,857	NAKAMURA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
William K. Cheung	1713	

Before the Filling of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	William K. Cheung	1713				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED 09 February 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.				
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mu	idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	ice, which FR 41.31; or (3)			
 a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7 	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE 06.07(f).	g date of the final rejecti E FIRST REPLY WAS F	on. ILED WITHIN			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing dangle.	of the fee. The appropring the final Office of the final rejection, ending the final rejection, ending the final rejection.	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as even if timely filed,			
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	e appeal. Since			
AMENDMENTS						
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);						
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be		ducing or simplifying	the issues for			
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rei	ected claims.				
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ootoa olaimo.				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		•	•			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s). 						
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		II be entered and an e	explanation of			
Claim(s) allowed: <u>none</u> . Claim(s) objected to: <u>none</u> .						
Claim(s) rejected: 1,3 and 7.						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>none</u> .			٠			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu	ut before or on the date of filing a N	otice of Appeal will no	t be entered			
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).			
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ned.			
 The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet. 	at does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	nce because:			
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)					
3. ☐ Other:						
	WILLIAM K. (CANNER	_			
	PRIMARY EX	100 / 6 / 6				
		, ,				

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicants argue that Chatterjee does not disclose the claimed film having the mathematical formula of claim 1 because Chatterjee does not disclose the claimed film material prepared using a metallocene catalyst. However, applicants fail to recognize that the claimed product-by-process limitation "metallocene catalyst" does not carry much weight in the patentability of the claimed film. Regarding the recited "metallocene" limitation in claim 1, applicants must recognize that "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Applicants must recognize that in view of the substantially identical composition of film disclosed in Chatterjee and the film as claimed and that both the polypropylene polymer of Chatterjee (col. 2, line 8) and the polypropylene polymer as claimed (page 34, line 21) can be prepared by polymerization methods using substantially identical magnesium chloride supported titanium-based catalysts, the examiner has a reasonable basis to believe that the argued "heat-seal temperature" properties assocated with the claimed formula of claim 1 are inherently possessed in Chatteriee. Since the PTO does not have proper means to conduct experiments, the burden of proof is now shifted to applicants to show otherwise. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977); In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980). Although applicants continue to argue the criticality of the claimed "metallocene catalyst", applicants fail to provide adequate proof for the argue criticality of the claimed "metallocene catalyst" feature on the claimed polymer film.

> WILLIAM K. CHEUNG' PRIMARY EXAMINER